

## المشاركة في مؤتمر الجنان حول:

**الأزمة المالية العالمية وكيفية علاجها من منظور**

**النظام الاقتصادي الغربي والإسلامي**

2009 14-13 /

**مداخلة من إعداد :**

**الباحث الاقتصادي، زكرياء بله باسي- الجزائر**

**دبلوم دراسات عليا في قسم الاقتصاد من معهد البحوث والدراسات العربية بالقاهرة**

**إضافة إلى أنني طالب سنة أولى دراسات عليا بكلية إدارة الأعمال بجامعة الجنان**

- "39007" 191 .  
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## آيات قرآنية وأحاديث نبوية تتعلق بموضوع الدراسة

يقول الله تبارك وتعالى :

﴿يَمْحَقُ اللَّهُ الرِّبَا وَيُرْبِي الصَّدَقَاتِ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ كَفَّارٍ أَثِيمٍ﴾

[البقرة: 276]

﴿وَمَا أَتَيْتُم مِّن رِّبَا لِّيَرْبُو فِي أَمْوَالِ النَّاسِ فَلَا يَرْبُو عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَمَا  
أَتَيْتُم مِّن زَكَاةٍ تُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَ اللَّهِ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُضْعِفُونَ﴾

[الروم: 39]



يقول رسول الله ﷺ :

﴿إِذَا ظَهَرَ الزُّنَا وَالرِّبَا فِي قَرْيَةٍ أَذِنَ اللَّهُ بِهَلَاكِهَا﴾

[ رواه أبو يعلى عن عبد الله بن مسعود ]

﴿لعن رسول الله ﷺ : آكل الربا، وموكله، وكاتبه، وشاهديه﴾

[رواه مسلم]

## الأزمة المالية العالمية

## الجدور و أبرز الأسباب والعوامل المحفزة ،والدروس المستفادة من منظور الاقتصاد الإسلامي

- تمهيد عن إرهاصات انهيار النظام الاقتصادي العالمي الجديد
- عوامل وأسباب أزمة النظام المالي العالمي .
- الآثار المتوقعة من هذه الأزمة على المنظومة الاقتصادية العالمية .
- الدروس المستفادة من الأزمة المالية العالمية.
- الأزمة من منظور الاقتصاد الإسلامي.
- موقف الاقتصاد الإسلامي من أزمة النظام المالي العالمي .
- قواعد (ضوابط) الأمن والاستقرار في الاقتصاد الإسلامي .
- كيف الخروج من الأزمة ؟ قواعد وضوابط الاقتصاد الإسلامي هي المنقذ .
- خلاص القول : قواعد وضوابط الاقتصاد الإسلامي هي الإنقاذ من الأزمة .
- نداء إلى علماء الاقتصاد ورجال المال والأعمال .
- نداء إلى المسلمين عامة .

**الأزمة المالية العالمية الجذور وأبرز الأسباب  
والعوامل المحفزة، والدروس المستفادة  
من منظور الاقتصاد الإسلامي**

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2001 11 2002

45

securitization  
. Negotiable

/ bad mortgages

% 60-40

1929

# The Current Financial Crisis

## Introduction:

in fact, the seeds of the crisis was Planted in 2002 after the crisis of September 11, 2001 when the Government of George W. Bush. Followed the motto "every citizen has his own home, and contributed by its policy of reducing the interest rates. Banks hurried in the area of financing the clients for the purchase of real estate a limited introducing and long-term up to 45 years and, consequently, prices began gradual rise in real estate. This has encouraged banks to continue to provide loans for the purchase of real estate. So that, the quality standards and the normal conditions which has been taken into consideration when granting credit have fallen, such as credit spreads between the value of the property and the value of the loan, the income stability of the client and the relevance of the value of the monthly premium, but companies have resorted to insurance to cover the risk of non-payment alternative to credit spreads and, therefore, when the cessation of payments crisis moved to the banking and financial sector.

It may be noted in this regard that the system of mortgage credit to consumers in the United States is in a range of insurance procedures and ending to the signing of bills to the debtor's monthly premiums which is known as securitization, is the transfer of any debt securities to a group of business cards which are negotiable.

The total remaining represents value of the property plus interest, and banks often sell these assets to each other as a high-quality assets, as they are guaranteed and have a rating of the seller's bank. Thus, not only the crisis on banks and businesses that did not follow the rules of sound risk management, but transcended it to the banks that bought bad assets, including real estate, whether within or outside the United States.

As Bernanke said, Chairman of Federal Reserve of United States in a speech recently that we wish to speak of such crises in the part of the global financial system and the dynamic elements of innovation, and how can some of the bad real estate loans bad mortgages in some neighborhoods of Florida / United States, lead to the bankruptcy of a country such as Iceland? What made the stock market in the United States and some European countries, Asian and Arab reduced rates ranging between 40-60% since the beginning of the crisis, the worst decline since the Great Depression 1929? Why the credit crisis prompted the world economy towards recession or stagnation? To answer these questions and others will analyze the roots of the crisis and the beginning and the factors that motivated them.

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2001/2000

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2001  
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(2008-1990)



<http://www.csus.edu/indiv/j/jensena/sfp/us/index.htm>

2000/1999

(02)

. 2001/2000

index NASDAQ Composite The technology-heavy

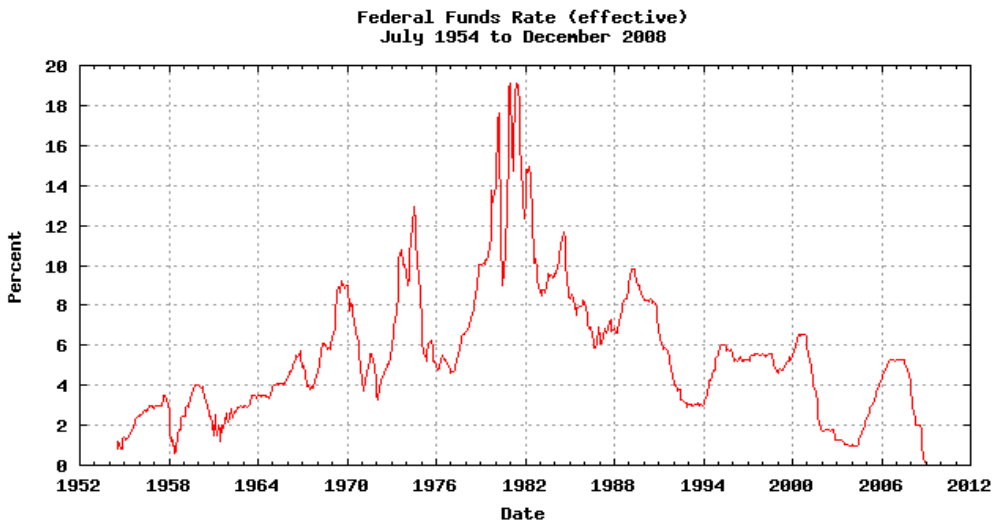
2000 /

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2001 %9 (effective prime rate)  
 % 5.361 .2001 / % 1.983 2001 / %4.75  
 .( 3-2)

(ferdrate)  
 (04) :  
 (2008-1954)



[http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/e/e2/Federal\\_Funds\\_Rate\\_\(effective\).png](http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/e/e2/Federal_Funds_Rate_(effective).png)

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%100 . 2003-2001

mortgage criteria lax

2006 % 60  
 % 90 stated income



) % 50  
 ( mortgage fraud  
 .2005 1997  
 mortgage brokers  
 subprime  
 mortgage brokers  
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 subprime customers  
 owner-occupied housing  
 New Deal  
 ( 30-20)  
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 (Garigia, et al,2007)  
 2006  
 ( 2005-2001 )  
 refinancing % 50  
 340.5 2005  
 IRS  
 (subprime mortgages )  
 1980

: 2006 2005

AMR-Adjustable-Rate Mortgages

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2003-2001

HM

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%20

FRM

. 2006 2005

%90-60

prime mortgage market

Koijen, Van O.Hemert, and :

2005-2001

.(Van Nieumerburgh-2007

2006 balloon

2003 % 0.8 % 25.2

( 01)

2007-2001

|                               | 2001                 | 2001 | 2003  | 2004  | 2005  | 2006  | 2007 |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
|                               | <b>Size</b>          |      |       |       |       |       |      |
| Number of loans (*1000)       | 452                  | 737  | 1.258 | 1.911 | 2.274 | 1.772 | 316  |
| Average Loan (*\$ 1000)       | 126                  | 145  | 164   | 180   | 200   | 212   | 220  |
|                               | <b>Mortgage Type</b> |      |       |       |       |       |      |
| FRM (%)                       | 33.2                 | 29.0 | 33.6  | 23.8  | 18.6  | 19.9  | 27.5 |
| ARM (%)                       | 0.4                  | 0.4  | 0.3   | 0.3   | 0.4   | 0.4   | 0.2  |
| Hybrid (%)                    | 59.9                 | 68.2 | 65.3  | 75.8  | 76.8  | 54.5  | 43.8 |
| Balloon (%)                   | 6.5                  | 2.6  | 0.8   | 0.2   | 4.2   | 25.2  | 28.5 |
|                               | <b>Loan Purpose</b>  |      |       |       |       |       |      |
| Purchase (%)                  | 29.7                 | 29.3 | 30.1  | 35.8  | 41.3  | 42.4  | 29.6 |
| Refinancing (cash out) (%)    | 58.4                 | 57.4 | 57.7  | 56.5  | 52.4  | 51.4  | 59.0 |
| Refinancing (no cash out) (%) | 11.2                 | 12.9 | 11.8  | 7.7   | 6.3   | 6.2   | 11.4 |

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:AMR \*\*

: FMR

.Balloon

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Hybrid

Source: Demyanyk, Y,Hemert, O.V.(August 19,2008)."Understanding the Subprime Mortgage Crisis". Federal Reserve Bank of St.Louis,USA.

2006-2005  
 % 3.04 ((04) ) (05) % 3.2

**delinquencies** : -  
 : **foreclosures**

% 20-16  
 % 12  
 2008-2007  
 2006-2001  
 2001

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savings and loans mortgage banks -  
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: **securitization** : -

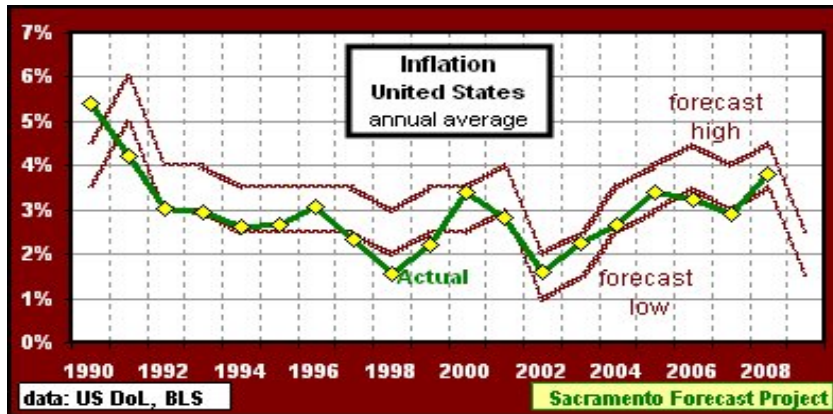
Mortgage Collateraalized Debt Obligation

Backed Securities MBS , CDOs  
2006-2001

%80-60

(05)

2008-1990



<http://www.csus.edu/indiv/j/jensena/sfp/us/index.htm>

Lehman Brothers

Morgan stanley  
credit rating agencies  
(AAA)

credit

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AIG- American International Group

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يستحوذ على الأشياء بغريزة حب التملك دون ضوابط تحدد الملكية، وكان ذلك نقيضا  
للاشتركية التي كانت قد حصرت الملكية في الدولة. وهذا أدى إلى تمركز رأس المال في  
جيوب محدودة في العالم، ومرة أخرى صارت أزمات تلك الجيوب تتحول إلى أزمات عالمية  
لأن نسبة صغيرة من البشر في العالم تمتلك وتتصرف بغالبية الثروة التي ينتجها العالم.

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- <http://www.csus.edu/indiv/j/jensena/sfp/us/index.htm>
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dot-com\\_bubble](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dot-com_bubble)
- <http://www.jheary.com/gdp.jpg>
- [http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/e/e2/Federal\\_Funds\\_Rate\\_\(effective\).png](http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/e/e2/Federal_Funds_Rate_(effective).png)
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- <http://www.IMF.ORG>
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- <http://www.arab-api.org>
- <http://www.Darelmashora.com>